

# In the United States Court of Federal Claims

## OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

No. 18-242V  
UNPUBLISHED

ANNA ROOF HARRELSON,

Petitioner,

v.

SECRETARY OF HEALTH AND  
HUMAN SERVICES,

Respondent.

Chief Special Master Corcoran

Filed: May 21, 2020

Special Processing Unit (SPU);  
Damages Decision Based on Proffer;  
Influenza (Flu) Vaccine; Shoulder  
Injury Related to Vaccine  
Administration (SIRVA)

*Mary Lee Briggs, Briggs and Inglese, LLC, Charleston, SC, for petitioner.*

*Althea Walker Davis, U.S. Department of Justice, Washington, DC, for respondent.*

### **DECISION AWARDING DAMAGES<sup>1</sup>**

On February 16, 2018, Anna Roof Harrelson filed a petition for compensation under the National Vaccine Injury Compensation Program, 42 U.S.C. §300aa-10, *et seq.*,<sup>2</sup> (the “Vaccine Act”). Petitioner alleges that she suffered a shoulder injury related to vaccine administration (“SIRVA”) caused by an influenza (“flu”) vaccine administered on September 29, 2017. Petition at 1. The case was assigned to the Special Processing Unit of the Office of Special Masters.

On July 10, 2019, a ruling on entitlement was issued, finding Petitioner entitled to compensation for a SIRVA. On May 21, 2020, Respondent filed a proffer on award of compensation (“Proffer”) indicating Petitioner should be awarded \$119,381.38 (comprised of \$117,500.00 for pain and suffering, \$560.12 for past unreimbursable out-of-pocket medical expenses, and \$1,321.26 for past lost wages. Proffer at 1. In the

<sup>1</sup> Because this unpublished decision contains a reasoned explanation for the action in this case, I am required to post it on the United States Court of Federal Claims' website in accordance with the E-Government Act of 2002. 44 U.S.C. § 3501 note (2012) (Federal Management and Promotion of Electronic Government Services). **This means the decision will be available to anyone with access to the internet.** In accordance with Vaccine Rule 18(b), Petitioner has 14 days to identify and move to redact medical or other information, the disclosure of which would constitute an unwarranted invasion of privacy. If, upon review, I agree that the identified material fits within this definition, I will redact such material from public access.

<sup>2</sup> National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, Pub. L. No. 99-660, 100 Stat. 3755. Hereinafter, for ease of citation, all “§” references to the Vaccine Act will be to the pertinent subparagraph of 42 U.S.C. § 300aa (2012).

Proffer, Respondent represented that Petitioner agrees with the proffered award. *Id.* Based on the record as a whole, I find that Petitioner is entitled to an award as stated in the Proffer.

Pursuant to the terms stated in the attached Proffer, **I award Petitioner a lump sum payment of \$119,381.38 (comprised of \$117,500.00 for pain and suffering, \$560.12 for past unreimbursable out-of-pocket medical expenses, and \$1,321.26 for past lost wages in the form of a check payable to Petitioner.** This amount represents compensation for all damages that would be available under § 15(a).

The clerk of the court is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this decision.<sup>3</sup>

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

**s/Brian H. Corcoran**

Brian H. Corcoran  
Chief Special Master

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<sup>3</sup> Pursuant to Vaccine Rule 11(a), entry of judgment can be expedited by the parties' joint filing of notice renouncing the right to seek review.

IN THE UNITED STATES COURT OF FEDERAL CLAIMS  
OFFICE OF SPECIAL MASTERS

ANNA ROOF HARRELSON,	)	
	)	
Petitioner,	)	No. 18-242V
	)	Chief Special Master
v.	)	Brian H. Corcoran
	)	SPU
SECRETARY OF HEALTH	)	
AND HUMAN SERVICES,	)	
	)	
Respondent.	)	

**RESPONDENT'S PROFFER ON AWARD OF COMPENSATION**

On February 16, 2018, Anna Roof Harrelson (“petitioner”) filed a petition for compensation (“Petition”) under the National Childhood Vaccine Injury Act of 1986, 42 U.S.C. §§ 300aa-1 to -34 (“Vaccine Act” or “Act”), as amended. Petitioner satisfied the Table criteria for a SIRVA injury, and therefore, respondent conceded petitioner’s entitlement to compensation in his Rule 4(c) Report filed on June 25, 2019. Based on Respondent’s Rule 4(c) Report, on July 10, 2019, the Chief Special Master found petitioner entitled to compensation for her left shoulder SIRVA injury.

**I. Items of Compensation**

Based upon the evidence of record, respondent proffers that petitioner should be awarded \$119,381.38. The award is comprised of \$117,500.00 for pain and suffering, \$560.12 for past unreimbursable out-of-pocket medical expenses, and \$1,321.26 for past lost wages. This represents all elements of compensation to which petitioner would be entitled under 42 U.S.C. § 300aa-15(a). Petitioner agrees.

**II. Form of the Award**

Respondent recommends that the compensation provided to petitioner should be made

through a lump sum payment of **\$119,381.38**, in the form of a check made payable to petitioner.

<sup>1</sup> Petitioner agrees.

Petitioner is a competent adult. Evidence of guardianship is not required in this case.

Respectfully submitted,

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s/Althea Walker Davis  
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DATED: May 20, 2020

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<sup>1</sup> Should petitioner die prior to the entry of judgment, the parties reserve the right to move the Court for appropriate relief. In particular, respondent would oppose any award for future medical expenses, future lost earnings, and future pain and suffering.